

In The Name Of GOD

Identify and prioritize the factors affecting the legal

claims associated with sports activities

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Intrudaction:



Sports and multiple roles in human life at the present time such as:

- recreation aspects
- central tool in the education of the younger
- an effective factor for health
- one of the necessities of life
- cultural and social effects,
- national political,
- countries spend grate capital in this route.



What is our problem?

- 1. racing and sports games, despite the benefits, is very close to the incident and risks.
- 2. Many of the exercises that represents power and Techniques of athlete, along with damages that comes in to other athletes.
- 3. necessity of developing and regulating tightens and specific law for the supervision and control of the sporting events, every day is more than ever before.



....What is our problem?

In this regard, in a research litigation rate in Sports of the Commonwealth countries has been announced as following:

- •Player injuries (31.78 percent),
- lawsuits against coaches (28.97percent),
- lawsuits against the medical team (24.30 percent),
 Legal claims against the player (20.56 percent),
 lawsuits against managers and organizers of sporting

events (24.55 percent),

- lawsuits against sports referee (63.41 percent),
- Legal claims against sport spectators (39.21 percent).

What is Our problem in this research?



sport claims rate in Iran reviewed by Iran's official expert organization of justice has been announced as following:

• Deaths (nearly 50 cases per year),

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- Injuries (more than 700 cases per year),
- the contract of sporting places (nearly 50 cases a year),
- contracts for athletes (more than 50 cases per year).
- Issues related to the violent behaviors (Aggressive) of spectators, athletes, coaches and managers are great and all-Page 5



The importance of the research



- exercise is a social phenomenon and every social phenomenon could be under the influence of risk factors due to various reasons.
- The need for proper functioning:
- Informing or notification to sporting events
 administrators and managers in relation to the
 sensitivity of their responsibility towards the

participants in sporting events.

Methodology



The aim: to determine and prioritize the factors affecting the legal disputes related to sports activities.

The population: of the research was all registered cases in the centers and judicial authorities associated within the field of sports activities in Tehran.

The samples: census sampling method

The research method: applied and descriptive.

The instrument: A questionnaire

The statistical test: the Analytic Hierarchy Process method (AHP),

that the amount was less than 0.1 and was acceptable.

findings



Overall, 72 cases were investigated in this study that highest percentage of their subject was related to aqueous centers cases.

Table 1. Status of Cases investigated

	Total percent	percent	Type of injury	File issue	Row
		8.38	Death	aquaque contare accas	1
	7.52	8.13	Injury and wound	aqueous centers cases	1
	8.13	3.1	DeathCases involving martial arts		2
		5.12			
	11 11	3.1	Death	Cases involving Ball sports	3
	11.11	72.9	Injury and wound		
	16.4	16.4	Injury	School Cases	4
	55.5	55.5	Injury	Gymnastics Cases	5
	5.12	3.1	Death	Other again	6
		11.11	Injury and wound	Other cases	6

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findings

Effective factors in the legal claims related to sports activities

Organizational factors

1) The absence or deficiency in the insurance contract of athletes and coaches 2) The absence or deficiency in contracts of sporting places 3) Defect during the legal process of Sports contracts and registration and maintenance of contract documents 4) The absence or deficiency in contracts with individuals specializing in the field of medicine and a contract with the clinic or hospital 5) The absence or deficiency in contracts with expert coaches 6) The absence or deficiency in the license of holding sports activities in one place

Physical factors

1) Lack of standard in sport equipment

 lack of standardization and safety of sporting places and space

3) Lack of health in Sport equipment

4) Lack of necessary equipment to carry the injured to the hospital

human factor (behavior)

1) Lack of monitoring of physical activity

2) Lack of experienced coaches and valid proof

3) Non-compliance with government regulations

4) Lack of supervision of management on the safety and standards

5) Bypassing the law (of athletes)

6) Lack of employment of educational and training content

7) Lack of attention to athletes' health certificate





Table 2. The final weight and prioritizing the factors in the second levelof hierarchy tree

Inconsistency rate	Priority	final weight	Agents	Title
	1	0.688	human factor (behavior)	
0.06	2	0.233	Organizational factors.	legal claims
	3	0.079	Physical factors	Page 10



Table 3. The weight and the final rank of all elements comparedto each other

	Inconsistency rate	Priority	final weight	Agents of factors
$\overline{\bigcirc}$		1	0.239	Lack of experienced coaches and valid proof
		2	0.146	Lack of supervision of management on the safety and standards
	A A A	3	0.114	Lack of employment of educational and training content
		4	0.081	The absence or deficiency in contracts with expert coaches
		5	0.077	Non-compliance with government regulations
		6	0.059	The absence or deficiency in the license of holding sports activities
		7	0.050	Bypassing the law (of athletes)
		8	0.039	Lack of monitoring of physical activity
	0.08	9	0.032	Lack of attention to athletes' health certificate
		10	0.027	lack of standardization and safety of sporting places and space
		11	0.026	Lack of standard in sport equipment
		12	0.026	The absence or deficiency in contracts with individuals specializing in the field of medicine
		13	0.024	Lack of health in Sport equipment
		14	0.022	The absence or deficiency in the insurance contract of athletes and coaches
		15	0.015	The absence or deficiency in contracts of sporting places
		16	0.014	Defect during the legal process of Sports contracts
		17	0.009	Lack of necessary equipment to carry the injured

Discussion and conclusion



Research findings showed that the human factor with the greatest weight (0.688) is in first priority, organizational Factors weighting (0.233) is in second priority and finally physical factors weighting (0.079) is in third priority.
 Shah Mansoori and Muzaffari (1385) in prioritizing the causes of sports crises, claimed respectively, Inattention to management (of software) as a first priority, Facilities and Places (hardware)

both as second priority, and the media as the third priority that their first priority is consistent with the current study.

and social and psychological factors that govern the behavior are

...Discussion and conclusion



• Human factor (behavior),

is divided into seven elements. Between these elements, <u>"Lack</u> of experienced coaches and valid proof" is in top priority (by weight 0.239).

Cyril (1991) is claimed coach's aggression and lack of control he had over his behavior, as one of the factors causing crisis in sport. Also, he has stated that due to the increasing in litigation of negligence of coaches and other sports and recreation program leaders, the predictable harm reduction in sports has recently been a lot of attention.

...Discussion and conclusion



organizational factor,

is in second priority weighing (0.233) after human factor. organizational factors is divided into six elements where the element of <u>"The absence or deficiency in contracts</u> with expert coaches" is in first priority weighting (0.374). This element was in fourth priority in general model of table (7) weighting (0.081).

<u>Shiao (2005)</u> stated that most of litigations in aqueous utilities is because of participants injuries and complainant claims that a part of the institution or organization is neglect to the damage done to him.



Physical factor,

...Discussion and conclusion

with the final weight of (0.079) is located in third priority between effective factors of legal claims associated with sports activities. the physical factor is divided into four elements, so that the <u>"lack of standardization and safety of</u> <u>sporting places and space</u>" is in first priority weighting (0.317) and allocated tenth priority to itself in general model by weight of (0.027).

To confirm this issue,

Aghayinia (2000) has stated sports equipment as one of factors that causes incident in sporting places. <u>Frosdic (1997)</u> also knows hardware (physical) factors as one of reasons that causes sports crisis. **Page 15**



Thanks for

your time

and

your Attention

nov. 2016/sochi

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